

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

JACKSONVILLE DISTRICT CORPS OF ENGINEERS

Jacksonville, Florida 32232-0019

Regulatory Division

25 July 2011

STATE PROGRAMMATIC GENERAL PERMIT (SPGP IV-R1) STATE OF FLORIDA

Florida Exemptions and Noticed General Permits which the Corps considers applicable to these categories of work, and those categories of work associated with these four categories which are considered *de minimus* under 373.406(6) F.S., provided the provisions of those regulations and statutes are not in conflict with any of the provisions and Special Conditions of this SPGP IV-R1. In the event of a conflict, the provisions and Special Conditions of this SPGP IV-R1 will prevail. Supported Structures, (4) Maintenance Dredging of Canals and Channels (including removal of organic detrital material from freshwater lakes and rivers), and also includes those State of Such Ramps or Launch Areas, (3) Docks, Piers, Associated Facilities, and Other Minor piling-Shoreline Stabilization, (2) Boat Ramps and Boat Launch Areas and Structures Associated with in Special Condition 5. The SPGP IV-R1 includes only the following categories of work: (1) throughout the entire State of Florida except for Monroe County, and those locations listed below water management district (Designee), or a local government with delegated authority under section 373.441, F.S. (Designee) for its administration. The SPGP IV-R1 is authorized for use which gives general authority to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (DEP), a to Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 (33 U.S.C. 403) and Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville District (Corps), is reauthorizing, as of the above date, a revised State Programmatic General Permit (SPGP IV-R1), TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: Upon recommendation of the Chief of Engineers, pursuant

AUTHORITY: Section 404 of the Clean Water Act and Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors

COORDINATION AGREEMENT: An agreement has been signed by the Corps and the DEP, and a similar agreement will be signed by any Designee. The agreement outlines the steps each agency will take during the processing of an application under the SPGP. The agreement, executed with DEP, including all references, such as but not limited to attachments, web sites, technical materials, etc. is, hereby, made a part of the SPGP IV-R1. Any future Coordination Agreement signed by a WMD or a delegated local government will become part of the SPGP IV-R1 when it is executed by the Corps, DEP, and the designee.

TYPES OF WORK: The following types of work will be covered by the SPGP IV-R1:

also includes those State of Florida Exemptions and Noticed General Permits listed below, or equivalent as adopted by reference in Chapter 62-330, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.): Groins, jetties, breakwaters, and beach nourishment/re-nourishment are excluded). This Shoreline Stabilization (Includes riprap, seawalls, and other shoreline stabilization.

40C-4.051(12)(j); 62-346.051(14)(a) F.A.C 40B-400.051(2)(k);

Construction of seawalls or riprap, including only that backfilling needed to level the land behind seawalls or riprap, in artificially created waterways

40D-4.051(8)(f)

seawalls and that do not impede navigation.
Installation of riprap; installation of batter piles used exclusively to stabilize and repair
length
estuary or lagoon, and the construction of riprap revetments, and is no more than 150 feet in
Construction of private vertical seawalls in wetlands or other surface waters, other than in an
waterward of its previous location
Restoration of seawall or riprap at its previous location or upland of or within one foot

b. Boat Ramps and Boat Launch Areas and Structures Associated with Such Ramps or Launch Areas. This also includes those State of Florida Exemptions and Noticed General Permits listed below, or equivalent as adopted by reference in Chapter 62-330, F.A.C.:

62-346.051(5)(d) F.A.C.	Installation and maintenance to design specifications of boat ramps on artificial bodies of
40B-400.051(2)(j);	water or public boat ramps on any waters
40C-4.051(12)(i);	
40D.4.051(8)(e);	
40E-4.051(3)(e);	
403.813(1)(c), F. S.	

c. Docks, Piers, Associated Facilities, and other Minor Piling-Supported Structures. This also includes those State of Florida Exemptions and Noticed General Permits listed below, or equivalent as adopted by reference in Chapter 62-330, F.A.C. This category does not include municipal or commercial fishing piers.

62-346 051(5)(a) E A C	Installation randonament or manning of magazine william and delete
40B-400.051(2)(f);	private docks
40C-4.051(12)(e);	
40D-4.051(8)(b);	
40E-4.051(3)(a);	
403.813(1)(b), F. S.	
62-346.051(5)(a) F.A.C.	Installation of private docks of 500/1000 square feet or less of surface area over
40B-400.051(2)(g);	wetlands or other surface waters
40C-4.051(12)(f);	
40D-4.051(8)(c);	
40E-4.051(3)(b);	
403.813(1)(b), F. S.	
62-346.051(5)(b) F.A.C.	Construction of private docks in artificially created waterways
40B-400.051(2)(h);	
40C-4.051(12)(g);	
40D-4.051(8)(g)	
40E-4.051(3)(c);	
403.813(1)(i), F. S.	
62-346.051(5)(c) F.A.C.	Replacement or repair of existing docks and mooring piles
40B-400.051(2)(i);	
40C-4.051(12)(h);	
40D-4.051(8)(h)	
40E-4.051(3)(d);	
403.813(1)(d), F. S.	

Construction, installation, operation or maintenance of floating vessel platforms and boat lifts	403.813 (1)(s) F. S.
	40D-400.475(1)(b); 40E-400.475(1)(b)
Piling supported structures, less than 500 square feet, in Outstanding Florida Waters	62-341.475(1)(b), F.A.C.; 40B-400.475(1)(b); 40C-400.475(1)(b);
	40C-400.475(1)(a); 40D-400.475(1)(a); 40E-400.475(1)(a)
Piling supported structures, less than 1,000 square feet, not in Outstanding Florida Waters	62-341.475(1)(a), F.A.C.; 40B-400.475(1)(a);
	40C-400.427; 40D-400.427; 40E-400.427
Construction, extension, and removal of certain piers and associated structures	62-341.427, F.A.C.; 40B-400.427;
Installation of piling support structures associated with water testing or monitoring equipment by the Department or District	62.346.051(11) F.A.C. 40B-400.051(2)(t); 40C-4.051(12)(s); 40D-4.051(9)(g) 40E-4.051(9)
	40D-4.051(9)(c) 40E-4.051(7); 403.813(1)(k), F. S.
Installation of aids to navigation and buoys associated with such aids	62-346.051(9) F.A.C. 40B-400.051(2)(r); 40C-4.051(12)(a);

d. Maintenance Dredging of Canals and Channels (including removal of organic detrital material from freshwater lakes and rivers). This also includes those State of Florida Exemptions and Noticed General Permits listed below, or equivalent as adopted by reference in Chapter 62-330, F.A.C.:

62-346.051(7)(a) F.A.C. 40B-400.051(2)(b):	Maintenance dredging of existing manmade canals, channels, basins, berths, and intake and discharge structures
40C-4.051(12)(b);	
40E-4.051(8)(d);	
403.813(1)(f) F S	
62-346.051(10) F.A.C.	Removal of aquatic plants, tussocks, and organic detrital material (Freshwater lakes
403.813(1)(r), F. S.	only)
62-346-051(10) F.A.C.	Removal of organic detrital material by individual residential property owners
403.813(1)(u), F. S.	(Freshwater rivers and lakes only)
62-341.475(1)(e), F.A.C.;	Maintenance dredging 50 cubic yards or less, spoil in uplands, turbidity control
40B-400.475(1)(e);	Common formation formation and a second
40C-400.475(1)(e);	
40D-400.475(1)(e);	
40E-400.475(1)(d)	

PROCEDURE: Permit applications for proposed projects will be submitted to the appropriate DEP or Designee office. Instead of immediately forwarding a copy of the project to the Corps, the DEP or Designee will review the project. If the type of work is covered under the SPGP IV-R1, one of the following categories can be used as guidance on the final action for the DEP or Designee to take:

- a. Green: Projects which are considered "green" will be processed by the DEP or Designee. Verification of the state exemption, noticed general permit, or issuance of an individual state permit will include language confirming Federal authorization under the SPGP
- which case the project will be placed in the "green" category; the Corps elects to evaluate the project separately, and the project is now considered in the "Red" category. conditions which should be incorporated into the Federal authorization under the SPGP IV-R1, in may include: all concerns have been addressed during the meeting and the project is now considered in the "Green" category; concerns can be addressed by the addition of special project. A combined Federal position will be forwarded to the DEP or Designee. The Corps and the appropriate Federal resource agencies will meet to discuss the Yellow: Projects under this category require review by the Federal commenting This position
- Red: DEP or Designee and the Corps review the project separately

GUIDANCE ON "GREEN, YELLOW, AND RED" CATEGORIES FOR EACH WORK TYPE:

- Tables attached below.): a. Shoreline Stabilization - (For quick reference refer to Categories of Work Summary
- place, providing: (1) Green: To prevent erosion or to stabilize a shoreline where erosion has taken
- Line (MHWL) or Ordinary High Water Line (OHWL), unless necessary to align with existing adjacent seawalls, and not to exceed 150' in length. Seawall and/or riprap restoration may be location. New riprap will not be placed more than 10 feet waterward of the Mean High Water Line (MHWL) or Ordinary High Water Line (OHWL). permitted at its previous location, upland of, or within one foot waterward of its previous (i) New vertical seawalls will not be placed waterward of the Mean High Water
- (ii) Stabilization measures other than a vertical seawall shall be no steeper than a
- (iii) Project will not adversely impact submerged aquatic vegetation, tidal wetlands, live bottom, or any other essential fish habitat.
- likely to adversely affect." used to determine potential manatee impacts. Project keys out to "no effect" or "may affect not (iv) The March 2011 manatee key titled "The Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville District, and the State of Florida Effect Determination Key for the Manatee in Florida," will be
- http://www.saj.usace.army.mil/Divisions/Regulatory/sourcebook.htm) Choctawhatchee, or St. Andrews beach mouse habitat (see (v) Project is not proposed in Anastasia Island, Southeastern, Perdido Key,
- http://www.saj.usace.army.mil/Divisions/Regulatory/sourcebook.htm). (vi) Project is not within 2500 feet of an active wood stork nesting colony (see
- Escambia River, Yellow River, or the Choctawhatchee River, or in the range of Johnson's seagrass, or in designated critical habitat for smalltooth sawfish (Smalltooth sawfish critical habitat does not River, Apalachicola River, Ochlockonee River, Econfina Creek, Suwannee River, New River, (vii) Project is not located in the main channels or tributaries of the Chipola

or designated public swimming areas.), American crocodile, piping plover, or freshwater mussels, or in maintained channels, or marinas.), Gulf sturgeon (Gulf sturgeon critical habitat does not include existing developed authorized or permitted man-made structures such as aids-to-navigation (ATONs), artificial reefs, boat ramps, docks, pilings, acroporid corals (Acropora spp. critical habitat does not include areas containing existing (already constructed) federally the Florida panther consultation area (see sites such as dams, piers, marinas, bridges, boat ramps, exposed oil and gas pipelines, oil rigs, and similar structures canals maintained at depths greater than 3 ft. at MLLW, boat ramps, docks, and marinas deeper than 3 ft. at MLLW.), include areas containing existing (already constructed) federally authorized or permitted man-made structures such as channels or

http://www.saj.usace.army.mil/Divisions/Regulatory/sourcebook.htm).

- (viii) Project is not proposed on or contiguous to ocean beach
- (ix) Project does not adversely impact any other federally listed threatened or endangered species, or a species proposed for such designation, or its designated critical habitat.

(2) Yellow:

- (i) Any others not fitting the "green" criteria
- green). (ii) Projects adjacent to Federal Channels (except on the St. Johns River between the Fuller Warren Bridge (Duval County) and the City of Palatka (Putnam County) which are
- (iii) Projects in Federal channels or rights-of-way
- (iv) Projects authorized by DEP after-the-fact permits
- (v) Projects currently under Federal enforcement action

(3) Red:

- Project moved to the "Red" category by the Federal agencies.
- (ii) Project authorized under DEP consent orders.
- (iii) Project authorized under DEP emergency permitting.
- Condition 5. (iv) Project located in any of the geographically excluded areas listed in Special
- channels, or marinas.), Gulf sturgeon (Gulf sturgeon critical habitat does not include existing developed sites such corals (Acropora spp. critical habitat does not include areas containing existing (already constructed) federally authorized or as dams, piers, marinas, bridges, boat ramps, exposed oil and gas pipelines, oil rigs, and similar structures or permitted man-made structures such as aids-to-navigation (ATONs), artificial reefs, boat ramps, docks, pilings, maintained designated critical habitat for smalltooth sawfish (Smalltooth sawfish critical habitat does not include areas the Florida panther consultation area (see designated public swimming areas.), American crocodile, piping plover, or freshwater mussels, or in maintained at depths greater than 3 ft. at MLLW, boat ramps, docks, and marinas deeper than 3 ft. at MLLW.), acroporid containing existing (already constructed) federally authorized or permitted man-made structures such as channels or canals River, Yellow River, or the Choctawhatchee River, or in the range of Johnson's seagrass, or in Apalachicola River, Ochlockonee River, Econfina Creek, Suwannee River, New River, Escambia (v) Project located in the main channels or tributaries of the Chipola River,

http://www.saj.usace.army.mil/Divisions/Regulatory/sourcebook.htm).

- (vi) In using the March 2011 manatee key, project keys out to "may affect."
- http://www.saj.usace.army.mil/Divisions/Regulatory/sourcebook.htm). Choctawhatchee, or St. Andrews beach mouse habitat (see (vii) Project is proposed in Anastasia Island, Southeastern, Perdido Key,
- (viii) Project is proposed on or contiguous to ocean beach.
- (ix) Project is within 2500 feet of an active wood stork nesting colony (see http://www.saj.usace.army.mil/Divisions/Regulatory/sourcebook.htm).
- (x) Project adversely impacts any other federally listed threatened or endangered species, or a species proposed for such designation, or its designated critical habitat.
- (xi) Project will adversely impact submerged aquatic vegetation, tidal wetlands, live bottom, or any other essential fish habitat.
- b. Boat Ramps and Boat Launch Areas and Structures Associated with such Ramps or Launch Areas (For quick reference refer to Categories of Work Summary Tables attached
- of fill material or less, providing: (1) Green: Private, single-family boat ramp or structure requiring 50 cubic yards
- (i) The March 2011 manatee key will be used to determine potential manatee impacts. If a residential facility, or if a multi-slip facility which does not provide "new" access for watercraft, project keys out to "no effect" or "may affect not likely to adversely affect."
- http://www.saj.usace.army.mil/Divisions/Regulatory/sourcebook.htm) (ii) Project is not within 2500 feet of an active wood stork nesting colony (see
- as dams, piers, marinas, bridges, boat ramps, exposed oil and gas pipelines, oil rigs, and similar structures or maintained at depths greater than 3 ft. at MLLW, boat ramps, docks, and marinas deeper than 3 ft. at MLLW.), acroporid http://www.saj.usace.army.mil/Divisions/Regulatory/sourcebook.htm). the Florida panther consultation area (see designated public swimming areas.), American crocodile, piping plover, or freshwater mussels, or in channels, or marinas.), Gulf sturgeon (Gulf sturgeon critical habitat does not include existing developed sites such permitted man-made structures such as aids-to-navigation (ATONs), artificial reefs, boat ramps, docks, pilings, maintained corals (Acropora spp. critical habitat does not include areas containing existing (already constructed) federally authorized or containing existing (already constructed) federally authorized or permitted man-made structures such as channels or canals designated critical habitat for smalltooth sawfish (Smalltooth sawfish critical habitat does not include areas (iii) Project is not located in the main channels or tributaries of the Chipola River, Apalachicola River, Ochlockonee River, Econfina Creek, Suwannee River, New River, Escambia River, Yellow River, or the Choctawhatchee River, or in the range of Johnson's seagrass, or in
- Choctawhatchee, or St. Andrews beach mouse habitat (see http://www.saj.usace.army.mil/Divisions/Regulatory/sourcebook.htm). (iv) Project is not proposed in Anastasia Island, Southeastern, Perdido Key,
- (v) Project does not adversely impact any other federally listed threatened or endangered species, or a species proposed for such designation, or its designated critical habitat.
- Page 6 of 16 (vi) Project will not adversely impact submerged aquatic vegetation, tidal wetlands, live bottom, or any other essential fish habitat.

(vii) Project is not proposed on or contiguous to ocean beach.

(2) Yellow:

- (i) Any others not fitting the "green" criteria;
- (ii) Project adjacent to Federal Channels (except on the St. Johns River between the Fuller Warren Bridge (Duval County) and the City of Palatka (Putnam County) which are green).
- (iii) Project in Federal channels or rights-of-way
- (iv) Any proposed dredging of access channels.
- project provides "new" access for watercraft, project keys out to a "may affect, not likely to adversely affect." 3 In using the March 2011 manatee key, if other than a residential facility and

(3) Red:

- (i) Project moved to the "Red" category by the Federal agencies
- (ii) Project authorized under DEP consent orders.
- (iii) Project authorized under DEP emergency permitting
- Condition 5 (iv) Project located in any of the geographically excluded areas listed in Special
- (v) In using the March 2011 manatee key, a residential project keys out to "may affect" or if other than a residential facility and project provides "new" access for watercraft, project keys out to a "may affect."
- designated public swimming areas.), American crocodile, piping plover, or freshwater mussels, or in as dams, piers, marinas, bridges, boat ramps, exposed oil and gas pipelines, oil rigs, and similar structures or channels, or marinas.), Gulf sturgeon (Gulf sturgeon critical habitat does not include existing developed sites such permitted man-made structures such as aids-to-navigation (ATONs), artificial reefs, boat ramps, docks, pilings, maintained maintained at depths greater than 3 ft. at MLLW, boat ramps, docks, and marinas deeper than 3 ft. at MLLW.), acroporid http://www.saj.usace.army.mil/Divisions/Regulatory/sourcebook.htm) corals (Acropora spp. critical habitat does not include areas containing existing (already constructed) federally authorized or designated critical habitat for smalltooth sawfish (Smalltooth sawfish critical habitat does not include areas the Florida panther consultation area (see containing existing (already constructed) federally authorized or permitted man-made structures such as channels or canals River, Yellow River, or the Choctawhatchee River, or in the range of Johnson's seagrass, or in Apalachicola River, Ochlockonee River, Econfina Creek, Suwannee River, New River, Escambia (vi) Project located in the main channels or tributaries of the Chipola River,
- (vii) Project is proposed on or contiguous to ocean beach
- http://www.saj.usace.army.mil/Divisions/Regulatory/sourcebook.htm). Choctawhatchee, or St. Andrews beach mouse habitat (see (viii) Project is proposed in Anastasia Island, Southeastern, Perdido Key,

- http://www.saj.usace.army.mil/Divisions/Regulatory/sourcebook.htm). (ix) Project is within 2500 feet of an active wood stork nesting colony (see
- species, or a species proposed for such designation, or its designated critical habitat (x) Project adversely impacts any other federally listed threatened or endangered
- live bottom, or any other essential fish habitat. (xi) Project will adversely impact submerged aquatic vegetation, tidal wetlands,
- c. Docks, Piers, Associated Facilities, and Other Minor Piling-Supported Structures (For quick reference refer to Categories of Work Summary Tables attached below. This category does not include municipal or commercial fishing piers)

(1) Green:

- impacts. If a residential facility, or if a multi-slip facility which does not provide "new" access for watercraft, project keys out to "no effect" or "may affect not likely to adversely affect." (i) The March 2011 manatee key will be used to determine potential manatee
- http://www.saj.usace.army.mil/Divisions/Regulatory/sourcebook.htm). (ii) Project is not within 2500 feet of an active wood stork nesting colony (see
- range but not in designated critical habitat and applicant agrees to utilize the impact avoidance/minimization measures specified in Special Condition #8 below. central Biscayne Bay in the lagoon systems on the east coast of Florida) or project is within the (iii) Project is not within the range of Johnson's seagrass (Sebastian Inlet to
- or piping plover critical habitats, or in the Florida panther consultation area (see Choctawhatchee, or St. Andrews beach mouse habitat, or in acroporid coral, American crocodile, http://www.saj.usace.army.mil/Divisions/Regulatory/sourcebook.htm). (iv) Project is not proposed in Anastasia Island, Southeastern, Perdido Key,
- (v) Project does not adversely impact any other federally listed threatened or endangered species, or a species proposed for such designation, or its designated critical habitat.
- wetlands, live bottom, or any other essential fish habitat. (vi) Project will not adversely impact submerged aquatic vegetation, tidal
- (vii) Project is not proposed on or contiguous to ocean beach.

(2) Yellow:

- Any others not fitting the "green" criteria;
- (ii) The structure is adjacent to a Federal channel (except between the Fuller Warren Bridge (Duval County) and the City of Palatka (Putnam County) which is green).
- (iii) Projects in Federal channels or rights-of-way.
- adversely affect." (iv) In using the March 2011 manatee key, if other than a residential facility and project provides "new" access for watercraft, project keys out to a "may affect not likely to access for watercraft, project keys out to a "may affect, not likely to

(3) Red:

- Project moved to the "Red" category by the Federal agencies.
- (ii) Project authorized under DEP consent orders.
- (iii) Project authorized under DEP emergency permitting
- Condition 5. (iv) Project located in any of the geographically excluded areas listed in Special
- http://www.saj.usace.army.mil/Divisions/Regulatory/sourcebook.htm). (v) Project is within 2500 feet of an active wood stork nesting colony (see
- affect" or if other than a residential facility and project provides "new" access for watercraft, project keys out to a "may affect." (vi) In using the March 2011 manatee key, a residential project keys out to "may
- (vii) Project is proposed on or contiguous to ocean beach.
- critical habitat but within the range of Johnson's seagrass (Sebastian Inlet to central Biscayne Bay in the lagoon systems on the east coast of Florida) and applicant does not agree to use the impact avoidance/minimization measures specified in Special Condition #8 below (viii) Project within designated critical habitat of Johnson's seagrass, or is not in
- or piping plover critical habitats, or in the Florida panther consultation area (see http://www.saj.usace.army.mil/Divisions/Regulatory/sourcebook.htm). (ix) Project proposed in Anastasia Island, Southeastern, Perdido Key, Choctawhatchee, or St. Andrews beach mouse habitat, or in acroporid coral, American crocodile,
- species, or a species proposed for such designation, or its designated critical habitat (x) Project adversely impacts any other federally listed threatened or endangered
- live bottom, or any other essential fish habitat. (xi) Project will adversely impact submerged aquatic vegetation, tidal wetlands
- detrital material from freshwater lakes and rivers) (For quick reference refer to Categories of Work Summary Tables attached below.): Maintenance Dredging of Canals and Channels (including removal of organic
- (1) Green: Maintenance dredging providing:
- (i) Dredging will be limited to the previous project depth, or to -5.0 feet below Mean Low Water (MLW) or Ordinary Low Water (OLW).
- of supporting, the Florida scrub-jay, eastern indigo snake, or beach mice. wetland pursuant to current Federal criteria) disposal site which does not support, or is incapable (ii) Excavated spoil material shall be deposited in a suitable upland (i.e., non-
- http://www.saj.usace.army.mil/Divisions/Regulatory/sourcebook.htm (iii) Project is not within 2500 feet of an active wood stork nesting colony (see
- (iv) The March 2011 manatee key will be used to determine potential manatee impacts. Project keys out to "no effect" or "may affect not likely to adversely affect."

- rigs, and similar structures or designated public swimming areas.), American crocodile, piping plover, or boat ramps, docks, pilings, maintained channels, or marinas.), Gulf sturgeon (Gulf sturgeon critical habitat does not (already constructed) federally authorized or permitted man-made structures such as aids-to-navigation (ATONs), artificial reefs, sawfish critical habitat does not include areas containing existing (already constructed) federally authorized or permitted manrange of Johnson's seagrass, or in designated critical habitat for smalltooth sawfish (Smalltooth http://www.saj.usace.army.mil/Divisions/Regulatory/sourcebook.htm). freshwater mussels, or in the Florida panther consultation area (see include existing developed sites such as dams, piers, marinas, bridges, boat ramps, exposed oil and gas pipelines, oil deeper than 3 ft. at MLLW.), acroporid corals (Acropora spp. critical habitat does not include areas containing existing made structures such as channels or canals maintained at depths greater than 3 ft. at MLLW, boat ramps, docks, and marinas (v) Project, including spoil disposal area, not located in the main channels or tributaries of the Chipola River, Apalachicola River, Ochlockonee River, Econfina Creek, Suwannee River, New River, Escambia River, Yellow River, Choctawhatchee River, or in the
- endangered species, or a species proposed for such designation, or its designated critical habitat. (vi) Project does not adversely impact any other federally listed threatened or
- (vii) Project will not adversely impact submerged aquatic vegetation, tidal wetlands, live bottom, or any other essential fish habitat.
- (viii) No dredging will be performed by hopper dredge
- (ix) Project is not proposed on or contiguous to ocean beach.

(2) Yellow:

- (i) Any others not fitting the "green" criteria
- (ii) Any proposed activity in or adjacent to Federal channels or rights-of-way.
- (iii) Any activity proposed by a governmental entity, such as but not limited to, a County, City, Port Authority, or Navigation District.
- (iv) The dredged material and/or return water is subject to evaluation under criteria prescribed in the "Inland Testing Manual" (ITM).

(3) **Red**:

- (i) Projects moved to the "Red" category by the Federal agencies.
- (ii) Projects authorized under DEP consent orders
- (iii) Projects authorized under DEP emergency permitting.
- Condition 5. (iv) Projects located in any of the geographically excluded areas listed in Special
- (v) In using the March 2011 manatee key, project keys out to "may affect."
- seagrass, or in designated critical habitat for smalltooth sawfish (Smalltooth sawfish critical habitat does not Page 10 of 16 New River, Escambia River, Yellow River, Choctawhatchee River, or in the range of Johnson's the Chipola River, Apalachicola River, Ochlockonee River, Econfina Creek, Suwannee River, (vi) Project or spoil disposal area located in the main channels or tributaries of

the Florida panther consultation area (see or designated public swimming areas.), American crocodile, piping plover, or freshwater mussels, or in sites such as dams, piers, marinas, bridges, boat ramps, exposed oil and gas pipelines, oil rigs, and similar structures maintained channels, or marinas.), Gulf sturgeon (Gulf sturgeon critical habitat does not include existing developed authorized or permitted man-made structures such as aids-to-navigation (ATONs), artificial reefs, boat ramps, docks, pilings, acroporid corals (Acropora spp. critical habitat does not include areas containing existing (already constructed) federally canals maintained at depths greater than 3 ft. at MLLW, boat ramps, docks, and marinas deeper than 3 ft. at MLLW.), include areas containing existing (already constructed) federally authorized or permitted man-made structures such as channels or

http://www.saj.usace.army.mil/Divisions/Regulatory/sourcebook.htm).

- (vii) Project is within 2500 feet of an active wood stork nesting colony (see http://www.saj.usace.army.mil/Divisions/Regulatory/sourcebook.htm).
- endangered species, or a species proposed for such designation, or its designated critical habitat. (viii) Project adversely impacts any other federally listed threatened or
- live bottom, or any other essential fish habitat. (ix) Project will adversely impact submerged aquatic vegetation, tidal wetlands
- proposed for other types of in-water disposal. (x) Excavated material is proposed to be used to create wildlife islands or is
- (xi) Dredging will be performed by hopper dredge
- (xii) Project is proposed on or contiguous to ocean beach;
- Perdido Key, Choctawhatchee, or St. Andrews beach mice habitat. (xiii) Project or spoil disposal proposed in Anastasia Island, Southeastern

specified above, the following special conditions apply to all projects reviewed under the SPGP SPECIAL CONDITIONS FOR USE OF THE SPGP IV-R1: In addition to the conditions

- 1. The District Engineer reserves the right to require that any request for authorization under this general permit be evaluated as an Individual Permit. Conformance with the terms and conditions of the SPGP IV-R1 does not automatically guarantee authorization.
- threatened or endangered species or a species proposed for such designation, or its designated critical habitat. No activity is authorized under the SPGP IV-R1 which may impact a federally listed
- deemed necessary to minimize adverse environmental impacts. 3. On a case-by-case basis the Corps may impose additional special conditions which are
- Failure to comply with all conditions of the Federal authorizations under the SPGP IV-R1 would constitute a violation of the Federal authorization.
- Page 11 of 16 the confluence with the Wekiwa Springs Run, Black Water Creek from the outflow from Lake St. Johns River to Wekiwa Springs, Rock Springs Run from its headwaters at Rock Springs to headwaters to its confluence with the Bells River; the Wekiva River from its confluence with the the Timucuan Ecological and Historical Preserve (Duval County); the St. Mary's River, from its The SPGP IV-R1 is not applicable in the geographical boundaries of: Monroe County;

(Jefferson County). the Kings Bay/Crystal River/Homosassa/Salt River system (Citrus County); Lake Miccosukee consultation area (Southwest Florida), the Tampa Bypass Canal (Hillsborough County); canals in Harbor Isles (Pinellas County); the Faka Union Canal (Collier County); the Florida panther panhandle coasts); the Biscayne Bay National Park Protection Zone (Miami-Dade County); Perdido Key, Choctawhatchee, or St. Andrews beach mice habitat (Florida east coast and acroporid coral designated critical habitat (southeast Florida); Anastasia Island, Southeastern, critical habitat (southeast Florida); piping plover designated critical habitat (throughout Florida); designated critical habitat (Miami-Dade and Monroe Counties); Johnson's seagrass designated Norris to the confluence with the Wekiva River; canals at Garfield Point including Queens Cove Lucie Lock (Martin County) and W.P. Franklin Lock (Lee County); American Crocodile Lake Okeechobee and Okeechobee Waterway Shoreline Management Plan, located between St. Dickinson State Park; the St. Lucie Impoundment (Martin County); all areas regulated under the (St. Lucie County); the Loxahatchee River from Riverbend Park downstream to Jonathan

contacting the Florida Master Site File at 850-245-6440 or SiteFile@dos.state.fl.us. The conduct a search of known historical properties by contracting a professional archaeologist, start of work, the Applicant/Permittee or other party on the Applicant's/Permittee's behalf, shall Information can be found at http://www.cr.nps.gov/nr/research/. Applicant/Permittee can also research sites in the National Register Information System (NRIS). Register of Historic Places or those eligible for inclusion in the National Register. Prior to the 6. No structure or work shall adversely affect or disturb properties listed in the National

discovery and devise appropriate actions, including salvage operations. Based, on the 850-245-6333 and the Corps Regulatory Project Manager to assess the significance of the early colonial or American settlement), the permittee shall immediately stop all work in the canoes or any other physical remains that could be associated with Native American cultures or archaeological/cultural materials unearthed (which shall include, but not be limited to: pottery, Corps may modify, suspend or revoke the permit in accordance with 33 CFR Part 325.7. circumstances of the discovery, equity to all parties, and considerations of the public interest, the vicinity and notify the Compliance and Review staff of the State Historic Preservation Office at modified shell, flora, fauna, human remains, ceramics, stone tools or metal implements, dugout If, during the initial ground disturbing activities and construction work, there are

authorized by the State Archaeologist and the Corps. Section 872.05, Florida Statutes; all work in the vicinity shall immediately cease and the local Manager shall immediately be notified. Such activity shall not resume unless specifically law authority, the State Archaeologist (850-245-6444), and the Corps Regulatory Project In the unlikely event that human remains are identified, they will be treated in accordance with

- prefabricated modules for habitat creation, restoration, or enhancement. 7. No work shall be authorized under the SPGP IV-R1 which proposes the use of
- submerged aquatic vegetation. Where aquatic vegetation is present, adverse impacts to aquatic may adversely impact water quality, fish and wildlife habitat, wetlands, or emergent or 8. No activity shall be authorized under the SPGP IV-R1 which by its size or location

http://www.saj.usace.army.mil/Divisions/Regulatory/sourcebook.htm) Note: Both of the Construction Corps of Engineers - February 2002." (See Johnson's seagrass (Halophila johnsonii) National Marine Fisheries Service/U.S. Army for Construction Conditions for Docks or Other Minor Structures Constructed in or Over higher level of protection than, the criteria contained in the construction guidelines titled "Key and including central Biscayne Bay (Miami-Dade County) must also comply with, or provide a (as well as canal) systems on Florida's east coast from Sebastian Inlet (Brevard County) south to endangered Johnson's seagrass (Halophila johnsonii), piling-supported structures in the lagoon construction guidelines. Additionally, because of concerns about adverse impacts to the with, or provide a higher level of protection than, the criteria contained in the referenced vegetation is present, piling-supported structures authorized under the SPGP IV-R1 must comply August 2001." (See http://www.saj.usace.army.mil/Divisions/Regulatory/sourcebook.htm) adherence to, or employing alternative construction techniques that provide a higher level of Unless otherwise specifically approved by the National Marine Fisheries Service, where aquatic Mangrove Habitat U.S. Army Corps of Engineers/National Marine Fisheries Service Structures Constructed in or over Submerged Aquatic Vegetation (SAV), Marsh or Marine Fisheries Service's "Construction Guidelines in Florida for Minor Piling-Supported protection than, the protective criteria in the joint U.S. Army Corps of Engineers'/National vegetation from construction of piling-supported structures may be avoided/minimized by

tool will be utilized during the evaluation of each Department of the Army permit application. Guidelines may be subject to revision at any time. It is our intention that the most recent version of this technical

subject to revision at any time. It is our intention that the most recent version of this technical tool will be utilized Jacksonville District Regulatory Home Page at: and Wildlife Service in accordance with the Endangered Species Act. Note: The manatee key may be affect, not likely to adversely affect" will be sent to the Corps for consultation with the U.S. Fish during the evaluation of each Department of the Army permit application. The current version can be found on the All projects determined to be "may affect" and certain multi-slip facilities determined to be "may Manatee in Florida," dated March 2011, will be used to determine potential manatee impacts. Engineers, Jacksonville District, and the State of Florida Effect Determination Key for the 9. Prior to issuance of authorization, the dichotomous key titled "The Corps of

http://www.saj.usace.army.mil/Divisions/Regulatory/sourcebook.htm

at any time. It is our intention that the most recent version of these conditions will be utilized during the evaluation requirements, as appropriate for the proposed activity. Note: These conditions may be subject to revision http://www.saj.usace.army.mil/Divisions/Regulatory/sourcebook.htm) and any added Shortnose sturgeon, the permittee will utilize the "Sea Turtle and Smalltooth Sawfish Construction Conditions" (see For projects in waters accessible to sea turtles, Smalltooth sawfish, Gulf sturgeon, or

of the permit application.

11. With respect to bald eagles, the permittee should refer to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's "National Bald Eagle Management Guidelines," dated May 2007 (see http://www.fws.gov/northflorida/BaldEagles/bald-eagles.htm) for guidance and clearance. *Note:* Corps' intention that the most recently approved version of these conditions or ensuing rules will be utilized during the evaluation of permit applications under this general permit. The preceding should be considered an interim condition, after which, new rules may be promulgated. It is the

- be required, upon due notice from the Corps of Engineers, to remove, relocate, or alter the structural work or obstructions caused thereby, without expense to the United States. No claim removal, relocation, or other alteration, of the structures or work herein authorized, or if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Army or his authorized representative, said structure or work shall shall be made against the United States on account of any such removal or alteration. cause unreasonable obstruction to the free navigation of the navigable waters, the permittee will 12. For projects authorized under this SPGP IV-R1 in navigable waters of the U.S., the permittee understands and agrees that, if future operations by the United States require the
- conjunction with the Federal resource agencies, will conduct periodic reviews to ensure that continuation of the permit during the five-year authorization period is not contrary to the public interest. If revocation occurs, all future applications for activities covered by the SPGP IV-R1 will be evaluated by the Corps. suspended or revoked by issuance of a public notice by the District Engineer. The Corps, in 13. The SPGP IV-R1 will be valid for five years from the date of issuance unless
- of the date the SPGP IV-R1 expired or was revoked. upon the SPGP IV-R1 will remain in effect provided the activity is completed within 12 months authorization of activities which have commenced or are under contract to commence in reliance 14. If the SPGP IV-R1 expires or is revoked prior to completion of the authorized work,
- attached to all authorizations processed under this permit. The General conditions attached hereto are made a part of this permit and must be

BY AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY.

Alfred A. Pantano, Jr. Colonel, U.S. Army District Engineer

Table 1. Summary of Conditions Applicable to All Categories of Work Considered Under the SPGP IV

CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO ALL PROJECTS	ALL PROJECTS	
Project status under each cond	Project status under each condition is determined as noted below	W
Use manatee key in all evaluations to	Projects on sites listed or eligible for	Projects in Monroe County, Timucuan
determine potential of manatee impacts	listing in the National Register of	Ecological and Historical Preserve (Duval
and appropriate project status, green	Historic Places are automatically red.	County); the St. Mary's River, from its
vs. yellow vs. red		headwaters to its confluence with the Bells
		River; the entire Wekiva River, including
		Wekiwa Springs Run, Rock Springs Run, the
	Projects proposing the placement of	entire Seminole Creek, and Black Water Creek
	prefabricated modules as habitat	from its outfall at Lake Norris to its confluence
	croation rootoration or ontonon	continuous properties of the properties with the Webig Diver the Loventehan Diver

Lindert status minet each count	Moled below a settlement and the property of t)W
Use manatee key in all evaluations to	Projects on sites listed or eligible for	Projects in Monroe County, Timucuan
determine potential of manatee impacts	listing in the National Register of	Ecological and Historical Preserve (Duval
vs. yellow vs. red	misionic maces are automatically red.	headwaters to its confluence with the Bells
1		River; the entire Wekiva River, including
		Wekiwa Springs Run, Rock Springs Run, the
	Projects proposing the placement of	entire Seminole Creek, and Black Water Creek
	prefabricated modules as habitat	from its outfall at Lake Norris to its confluence
	creation, restoration, or enhancement	with the Wekiva River; the Loxahatchee River
	are red.	from Riverbend Park downstream to Jonathan
		Dickinson State Park; Tampa Bypass Canal
		(Hillsborough County); Lake Okeechobee, and
	Projects that may cause more than	the Okeechobee Waterway between the
	minimal adverse impacts to Essential	Franklin Locks and the St. Lucie Locks;
	Fish Habitat are red.	American Crocodile critical habitat (Miami-Dade
		and womee countes), Johnson's seagrass
		critical habitat (throughout Florida); acroporid
		coral critical habitat (southeast Florida);
	Projects on or continue to coope	Anastasia Island, Southeastern, Perdido Key,
	beach are red	Choctawhatchee, or St. Andrews beach mice
		Coasts). Harbor Islas (Dinellas County):
		Biscavne Bay National Park Protection Zone
		(Miami-Dade County); St. Lucie Impoundment
n.a.a.		(Martin County); canals in the Kings Bay/Crystal
		River/Homosassa/Salt River system (Citrus
		County); canals at Garfield Point including
		Queens Cove (St. Lucie County); Faka Union
		Canal (Collier County); Lake Miccosukee
		(Jefferson County); and the Florida panther
		consultation area are red. Projects within 2500
		feet of an active wood stork nesting colony are
Projects that may adversely impact	Projects adjacent to Federal Channels,	No projects may be authorized by DEP consent
Federal Threatened & Endangered	except on the St. Johns River between	orders; such projects are red.
species (listed or proposed), including	the Fuller Warren Bridge & Palatka, and	
non-wetland dependent species, or any	projects in, over or under Federal	
designated critical habitat are red.	channels or rights-of-way are yellow.	
Projects authorized by DEP after-the-	Projects currently under Federal	No projects may be authorized under DEP
fact permits are yellow.	enforcement action are yellow.	emergency permitting; such projects are red.

Table 2. Summary of Categories of Work and Associated Conditions for SPGP IV Authorization

Zanionzanon	
UNDER THE SPGP	CONDITIONS: Unless otherwise specified, if conditions applicable to all projects and any other conditions listed below are not met, the project is YFLLOW!
Shoreline Stabilization	See conditions applicable to all projects PLUS: groins, jetties, breakwaters,
	eroded area; new vertical seawalls will not be placed waterward of the
	Mean High Water Line (MHWL) or Ordinary High Water Line (OHWL),
	unless necessary to align with existing adjacent seawalls. Seawall and/or
	within one foot waterward of its previous location; new riprap will not be
	placed more than 10 feet waterward of the Mean High Water Line (MHWL)
	or Ordinary High Water Line (OHWL); except for vertical seawalls, no slope
	steeper than 2H:1V; projects in Chipola River, Apalachicola River,
	Escambia River, Yellow River, or the Choctawhatchee River, or in the
	designated critical habitat for, smalltooth sawfish, acroporid corals, Gulf
	sturgeon, freshwater mussels, and piping plover are red; projects in beach
	mice habitat and on ocean beach are red; projects within the range of
	habitat, wetlands, submerged aquatic vegetation, or live bottom.
Boat ramps/launch areas and structures associated with	See conditions applicable to all projects PLUS: limited to private single
such.	family ramp or structure requiring less than 50 cubic yards of fill; projects in
	the Chipola River, Apalachicola River, Ochlockonee River, Econfina Creek, Suwannee River, New River, Escambia River, Yellow River, or the
	Choctawhatchee River, or in the designated critical habitat for smalltooth
	plover are red: projects on ocean beach are red: projects in beach mice
	habitat are red; projects within the range of Johnson's seagrass are red; no
	adverse impacts to designated critical habitat, wetlands, submerged aquatic vegetation, or live bottom; and no dredging of access channels
Docks, piers, associated structures, and other minor piling-	See conditions applicable to all projects PLUS: no adverse impacts to
supported structures, excluding municipal/commercial	wetlands, submerged aquatic vegetation, or live bottom; projects on ocean
rishing piers	beach are red; May need to follow the "Dock Guidelines" and "Johnson's Seagrass Key"
Maintenance dredging of canals and channels	See conditions applicable to all projects PLUS: dredging limited to previous
	project depth or -5' below MLW or OLW; upland (i.e. non-wetland pursuant to Eaderal criteria) spoil disposal poly: no adverse impacts to wetlands
	submerged aquatic vegetation, or live bottom; any dredging activity
	proposed by a governmental entity, such as but not limited to, a County,
	City, Port Authority, or Navigation District is yellow, if dredged material
	"Inland Testing Manual" (ITM) the project is vellow. Spoil disposal, in
	habitat for beach mice and piping plover are red; projects for maintenance
	dredging, including spoil disposal, in the main channels and tributaries of the Chinola River Analashkirola River Ochlodyspas Biogr Econfine Cook
	Suwannee River, New River, Escambia River, Yellow River, or the
	Choctawhatchee River, or in the designated critical habitat for smalltooth
	sawfish, acroporid corals, Gulf sturgeon, and freshwater mussels are red;
	material to create wildlife islands is red.